

1. Introduction

JFE Steel supplies a wide range of corrosion-protective steel pipes which are galvanized, painted, or plastic-coated, at inside and/or outside of the pipe, as optimum piping materials for individual applications and sites, such as water supply, electric power, telecommunications, and pipelines for crude oil and natural gas transportation.

JFE Steel has recently commercialized a polyethylene-coated steel pipe, PLS-F, applicable to underground, indoor, and outdoor use for the gas line, and a 3-layer polyethylene-coated steel pipe using fusion-bonded epoxy primer to meet the pipeline needs of the global market. This report introduces these two new products.

2. Polyethylene-Coated Steel Pipe for Gas Line, PLS-F

JFE Steel pipes for the domestic gas line are mainly galvanized steel pipes and steel pipes with an outside coating of polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Conventionally, steel pipes with an outside coating of polyethylene have been used for underground, and pipes with an outside coating of PVC have been used for indoor and outdoor applications. Following the recent revision of the Building Standard Act of Japan, JFE Steel has commercialized a new polyethylene-coated steel pipe, PLS-F, as a steel pipe c p t t t

specified conditions²⁾ at a designated organization, Japan Testing Center for Construction Materials. The PLS-F provided with appropriate heat resistance showed good results, and was approved by the Minister of Land, Infrastructure and Transport, and also acquired Performance Appraisal by Fire Protection Equipment and Safety Center of Japan.

2.2.2 Heat resistance

As shown in **Photo 1**, the coating of PLS-F does not disbond from the pipe and suffers very little discoloration, compared with PVC-coated steel pipe, even after a thermal ageing test (200°C for 1 h) simulating usage at a kitchen. **Figure 3** shows the penetration depth into the plastic coating in indentation tests at specified temperature-levels with a 2.5 kg load applied for 24 h. The hardness of the PVC-coating significantly decreased in the temperature range from 60°C to 80°C, while the hardness of the coating of PLS-F decreased very little. This shows that PLS-F has equivalent or higher heat resistance than PVC-coated steel pipe.

2.2.3 Weather resistance

Weather resistance is essential for outdoor applications. The coating of PLS-F is weather-resistant, and

showed excellent durability in an accelerated weathering test using a weatherometer, providing fully satisfactory performance.

3. 3-Layer Polyethylene-Coated Steel Pipe with Fusion-Bonded Epoxy Primer for Linepipe Applications

Most polyethylene coated steel pipes for pipeline have a thermosetting epoxy layer as the primer to improve the corrosion resistance. There are two groups of epoxy primer, powder type and liquid type. The liquid-type primer is applicable in a thin film, and the powder-type primer, fusion-bonded epoxy primer, readily forms a thick film, thereby forming a highly durable coating. The specification grade of overseas long-distance pipelines has been enhanced to meet rising demands for growing use in severe environments, and the system using fusion-bonded epoxy primer has become the standard. In response to the movement, JFE Steel has commercialized a 3-layer polyethylene-coated steel pipe with fusion-bonded epoxy. The coating structure is shown in **Fig. 4**.

3.1 Typical Performance of 3-Layer Polyethylene-Coated Steel Pipe with Fusion-Bonded Epoxy Primer

Since a linepipe is generally under cathodic protection, the phenomenon called “cathodic disbanding” occurs, in which the coating starts to peel from a damage point of the coating.

a damage point

Table 2 Performance of 3-layer polyethylene coated steel pipe with fusion bonded epoxy primer

	Representative specifications		Results
	Test conditions	Criteria	
Cathodic disbonding resistance	60°C, 1.5 V, 28 days	Disbonding radius 15 mm	5 mm
Heat cycle resistance	60°C, 8 h \leftrightarrow 23°C (water), 15 h	No delamination after 15 cycles	No delamination after 30 cycles

4. Conclusion

Two products recently commercialized for the domestic gas line and for the linepipe of natural gas were introduced. These products are widely applicable in various fields and offer excellent durability, and will be of benefit to customers in various applications.

References

- 1) The Building Center of Japan. The Building Standard Law Enforcement Order Article 129-2-5, Paragraph 1, Item (7-c). Flame Insulating Performance Test for Pipes that Penetrate Fire Compartments.
- 2) Fire Protection Equipment and Safety Center of Japan. Fire-Resistance Test for Piping that Penetrate Fire Compartments.